Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

Township of Franklin County of Warren Permit Number - NJG0153311 Date: December 19, 2023 Revised February 9, 2024 Stormwater Program Coordinator: Michael S. Finelli, P.E.

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Appendix A – BMP Inventory List

Appendix B – Outfall Location Map (map available at <u>m3.mappler.net/franklintwp</u>)

Appendix C – Street Sweeping Map (Reserved)

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Provider Name Service		e Provide	d	Term of Service		
Musconetcong Education Cre Watershed Association		dits		Yearly		
ABE Paving and Street Sweep Sweeping		Street Sweeping	g		Yearly	

Form 1 – Team Members

Revision Date	Form # Changed	Reason for Revision (Updates to staff, policy, webpage, etc.)
December 2023	All	Create SPPP per 2023 Tier A Permit
February 2024	#04, 07, 08, 09	Comments from DEP

Form 2 – Revision History

Form 3 – Public Announcements *Part IV.B. and C.*

1. Provide the link to the dedicated stormwater webpage for your municipality.

Stormwater webpage is in development.

2. List the name and title of person(s) responsible for stormwater webpage postings/updates.

Denise Becton, Clerk

3. List the newspapers, social media outlets, websites, direct mailings (Email or postal), and other communication approaches typically used to inform/educate the public on stormwater program information and related events/activities.

Express Times – official newspaper Township website Direct mail

Form 4 – Post-Construction Stormwater Management in New Development and Redevelopment

Part IV.E.

How does the municipality define "major development"? If it is different from the definition in N.J.A.C. 7:8, explain the difference.
<i>Major development</i> means an individual "development," as well as multiple developments that individually or collectively result in:
 The disturbance of one or more acres of land since February 2, 2004; The creation of one-quarter acre or more of "regulated impervious surface" since February 2, 2004; The creation of one-quarter acre or more of "regulated motor vehicle surface" since March 2, 2021.
4. A combination of 2 and 3 above that totals an area of one-quarter acre or more. The same surface shall not be counted twice when determining if the combination area equals one-quarter acre or more.
Major development includes all developments that are part of a common plan of development or sale (for example, phased residential development) that collectively or individually meet any one or more of paragraphs 1, 2, 3, or 4 above. Projects undertaken by any government agency that otherwise meet the definition of "major development" but which do not require approval under the Municipal Land Use Law, N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1 et seq., are also considered "major development.
Is the municipality's stormwater control ordinance (SCO) the same as or more stringent than NJDEP's model SCO? If more stringent, explain the difference.
The adopted SCO contains additional provisions as required by the NJ Highlands Council for lands within the Preservation Area.
Describe the process for reviewing major development project applications for compliance with the SCO and Residential Site Improvement Standards (RSIS).
Review is completed by the Township Engineer/Land Use Board Engineer in accordance with the SCO, 7:8 and RSIS.
Does your municipality have a mitigation plan included in your Municipal Stormwater Management Plan and Stormwater Control Ordinance? Indicate the location of records of all variances granted.
The SWMP does contain a mitigation component. The SCO does not. Records of any granted variances are located within LU Board Engineer's technical review reports and LU Board approval resolutions.
Indicate the dates of each iteration of the township's Stormwater Control Ordinance, starting with the initial adoption and including revisions.
The SCO was initially adopted on March 1, 2021. Revisions to add Highlands Preservation Areas requirements were adopted on March 7, 2022.

6. Indicate the dates of each iteration of the township's Municipal Stormwater Management Plan, starting with the initial adoption and including revisions.

The SWMP was initially adopted in 2006. Most recent revision is January 18, 2022.

Form 5 – Ordinances

Part IV.F.1.

Ordinance	Date Adopted	Was the DEP model adopted without change? If not, explain how the municipality's is more stringent.	Entity Responsible for Enforcement	Fees & Fines	
1. Pet Waste		Ordinance adopted November 6, 2023	Code Enforcement	\$	
2. Wildlife Feeding		Ordinance adopted November 6, 2023	Code Enforcement	\$	
3. Litter Control		Ordinance adopted November 6, 2023	Code Enforcement	\$	
4. Improper Disposal of Waste		Ordinance adopted November 6, 2023	Code Enforcement	\$	
5. Yard Waste		Ordinance adopted November 6, 2023	Code Enforcement	\$	
6. Private Storm Drain Inlet Retrofitting		Ordinance adopted November 6, 2023	Code Enforcement	\$	
7. Illicit Connections		Ordinance adopted November 6, 2023	Code Enforcement	\$	
8. Privately- Owned Salt Storage		Ordinance adopted November 6, 2023	Code Enforcement	\$	
9. Tree Removal Replacement	-	Ordinance adopted November 6, 2023	Code Enforcement	\$	
	pe of the MS4	ated ordinances the municipality has permit. Include adoption date, enti ïnes.		ess	
None.					
Indicate the location enforcement actions		ociated with ordinances and related	violations and		

Records are located in the Clerk's office.

Form 6 – Street Sweeping

Part IV.F.2.a.i. and ii.

- 1. Provide a written description and/or attach a map outlining the sweeping schedule for the following:
 - Segments of municipal roads with storm drain inlets that discharge to surface water (required at least 3 times each year)
 - Segments of municipal roads that do <u>not</u> have storm drain inlets but <u>do</u> discharge to surface water (required at least 1 times each year)

Note: Only asphalt and concrete roads need to be swept. Roads that do not have storm drain inlets and do not discharge to surface water do <u>not</u> need to be swept.

See attached street sweeping map. FCE TO PREAPRE A MAP

Municipally owned roads that have storm drain inlets will be swept 3x a year, and municipally owned roads that do not have storm drain inlets, but DO discharge to surface water will be swept 1x a year.

2. Indicate if sweeping work is outsourced and if so, describe the arrangement.

ABE Paving and Sweeping sweeps Franklin Townships roads.

Part IV.F.2-4. and Part IV.G.2-3.

1. Municipal Storm Drain Inlets

- a. Describe how you ensure that municipal inlets without permanent wording cast into the design have been properly labelled.
- b. Describe how you ensure that municipal and private storm drain inlets have been retrofitted.
- c. Describe how you ensure that newly installed storm drain inlets include corresponding catch basins or other BMPs to collect solids.
- d. Describe when and how you conduct inspections of storm drain inlets and the criteria used to determine when they need to be cleaned.
 - a. "Discharges to Waterway" labels have been installed on all inlets. The DPW checks the labels annually and replaces them when necessary.
 - b. The Township is in the process of preparing a stormwater infrastructure map which will identify all inlets. A schedule will be prepared to retrofit all inlets for solids collection by December 1, 2028.
 - c. All newly installed inlets shall be equipped with grates and curb openings that comply with the Appendix B standards for collection of solids. New Catch basins will be constructed with a sump to collect solids.
 - d. *The DPW inspects all Township owned inlet grates on an annual basis and any debris is removed.*

2. Municipal Catch Basins

- a. Describe when and how you conduct inspections of catch basins.
- b. Describe the criteria used to determine when catch basins need to be cleaned.
 - a. The DPW inspects all Township owned inlet boxes (catch basins) over a 5-year period with a minimum of 20% of the catch basins inspected annually.
 - b. Catch basins are cleaned when there is debris within the basin or sediment deposits which extend above the invert of the discharge pipe.

3. Municipal Conveyance System

Describe when and how inspections of MS4 conveyance systems are conducted, and the criteria used to determine when they need to be cleaned. Include a description of the equipment and techniques used.

The DPW inspects conveyance systems, mainly ditches and swales, during their annual inspection of inlet grates. These facilities will be scheduled for cleaning if there is trash or debris restricting flows. Conveyance systems which are downstream of areas exhibiting flooding and which include pipes are inspected with a sewer camera. Maintenance is scheduled if required.

4. Municipal Outfall Inspections – Stream Scouring

Describe the program in place to detect, investigate, and control localized steam scouring from stormwater outfalls. Include a description of the equipment and techniques used.

The DPW inspects all Township owned stormwater outfalls for scour over a 5-year period with a minimum of 20% of the outfalls inspected annually. The inspections are to identify scouring of the stream bank or stream bottom caused by the outfall. The source or cause of the scour shall be determined and corrected, and the scour shall be scheduled for repair. All repairs will be completed within 12 months of identification. Repairs shall conform with the Standards for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control in New Jersey and the NJDEP Flood Hazard Area Control Act Rules.

5. Municipal Outfall Inspections – Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination Describe the program in place for conducting visual dry weather inspections of municipally owned or operated outfalls. Include a description of the equipment and techniques used. Record cases of illicit discharges using the DEP's Illicit Connection Inspection Report Form from the Department's main stormwater webpage.

The DPW inspects all outfalls for illicit discharges during its inspections for scour. Any identified illicit connections will be reported, and measures taken to identify the source of the connections and eliminate it. All repairs will be completed within 12 months of identification.

6. Other Municipal Infrastructure

List the types of MS4 infrastructure in your town that require inspection but are not noted above in items 1-5. Describe when and how you conduct inspections of this infrastructure and the criteria used to determine when they need to be maintained and/or cleaned.

The Township owns or is responsible for the operation of nine (9) stormwater detention basins. The DPW inspects these facilities at least 4 times per year and after significant rainfall events. An inventory of the basins is kept along with logs of inspection and maintenance activities. Inspection and maintenance is conducted in accordance with the approved Operations and Maintenance Plan, if one exists, otherwise the NJDEP Field Manual for detention basins is used. Maintenance activities include the removal of sediment, trash and debris, mowing, pruning of vegetation, restoration of any eroded areas, elimination of any mosquito breeding areas and repair or replacement of any damaged structural components.

7. Stormwater Facilities Not Owned or Operated by the Municipality

Describe your program for ensuring adequate long-term cleaning, operation, and maintenance of stormwater facilities not owned or operated by the municipality. This should include your plan for ensuring annual inspections are being done on these private properties and describe how you record the locations and logs associated with private infrastructure.

There are three (3) privately owned SWM BMP's within the Township. The Township sends a letter to the owners annually to ensure that they are being operated and maintained in accordance with the Operations and Maintenance Plans approved by the Township. A log of the inspections is kept and the owner is notified in writing if maintenance or repairs are required. If maintenance is not performed the Township may perform the work and bill the owner.

8. Infrastructure Records

Indicate the location of records related to stormwater infrastructure inspection, cleaning, maintenance, and repair activities.

Inventory logs of stormwater facilities and logs documenting inspections, cleaning and repairs are kept by the DPW Director.

Form 8 – Community-wide Measures

Part IV.F.2.

-	
D	Terbicide Application Management escribe your program for preventing herbicides from being washed into the waters of the State and to prevent erosion caused by de-vegetation.
T	he DPW does not apply herbicides. Unwanted vegetation is controlled by mowing.
D	xcess Deicing Material Management escribe your program for ensuring that excess salt piles are removed in a timely anner after storm events.
a	he DPW removes any significant accumulation of salt on the roads within 72-hours of storm event. The material is collected by hand with shovels, placed in a container nd returned to the Township's salt storage building.
D w	oadside Vegetative Waste escribe your program for ensuring proper pickup, handling, storage, and disposal of ood waste and yard trimmings generated by the permittee along municipal roads or n municipal properties (trimming trees, mowing, etc.).
ye ar mi	the Township provides curbside pickup of wood waste and yard trimmings twice a bar, the first week of April and the third week of October. Grass clippings and leaves be not accepted. Roadside Mowing is completed $3x$ /year. Vegetative waste is bulched and composted in place, the mower has guards to contain all vegetation buderneath the mower to completely chop the vegetative waste.
	oadside Erosion Control escribe your program to detect and repair erosion along municipal roadways.
an wi	he DPW checks for erosion along the roadways during its travels and during its nual inspection of inlet grates. Maintenance is scheduled as required. All repairs ill be completed within 90 days of discovery. Stabilization is conducted in ecordance with the Standards for Erosion and Sediment Control in New Jersey.

Form 9 – Municipal Maintenance Yards & Other Ancillary Operations Part IV.F.5.

Please complete a separate Form 9 for each yard or site. Indicate the number of yards/sites the municipality owns or operates:

1. Site Name and Address			
Franklin Township DPW P.O. Box 547 Broadway, NJ. 08808			
2. Monthly Site Inspections Describe the nature of inspections conducted	ed at this site and the location of inspection logs.		
ensure that any materials or machinery stor stormwater and are situated on impervious checked to make sure that it is protected by	surfaces and covered. Any bulk liquid storage is secondary containment and refuse containers are nfirmation is made that a spill kit is available in		
3. Inventory List			
List all materials and machinery that are po			
Materials	Machinery/Equipment		
Aggregate	All equipment is stored inside.		
Wood Chips			
Road Salt (Sodium Chloride)			
Gasoline			
Diesel Fuel			
4. Discharge of Stormwater from Secondar	•		
Describe the process in place for discharging	•		
from secondary containment areas where o	utdoor		
containers are stored.			
5.			
There is a secondary containment around the whole area so rainwater is not collected.	he fueling tanks. There is a roof already over the		
6. Fueling Operations Does fueling occur on site? If so, describe stormwater from fueling activities. If not, o	the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of explain where fueling takes place.		
Fueling is conducted on-site. Fuel nozzles are equipped with automatic shutoff valves to prevent overfilling. Drip pans are used during bulk fuel transfers. The following signs are posted: (1) Topping off of vehicles, mobile fuel tanks or storage tanks is prohibited, (2) Stay			

in view of fuel nozzle during dispensing, and (3) Contact information for the person responsible for spill response. A spill kit with absorbent spill clean-up materials is available in the event of a spill. Spills are cleaned with a dry, absorbent material (i.e., kitty litter, sawdust, etc.) and swept and the material is properly disposed of.

7. Vehicle/Equipment Maintenance and Repair

Do you perform maintenance and repair on site? Is this conducted indoors or outdoors? If outdoors, describe the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater from maintenance and repair activities.

Vehicle maintenance is conducted indoors with drip pans available to collect contaminants.

8. Wash Wastewater Containment

Do you wash vehicles on site? If so, describe the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater from these activities. Note that on site containment structures require annual inspections by a NJ licensed professional engineer. If not, explain where vehicle washing takes place.

The township does not wash vehicles on site, washing takes place at approved facilities such as car/truck washes.

9. Salt and Other Granular De-icing Materials

Do you store salt and other granular deicing materials on site? If so, describe how they are stored and the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater from these materials. If not, explain where these materials are stored.

De-icing material is stored within an enclosed building on the site with an impervious floor. No de-icing materials or sand is stored outside. Care is taken to minimize the spillage of materials during loading and unloading. Any spills are immediately cleaned with the material being placed on the truck or within the building. The loading/unloading area is swept as necessary to prevent contamination from stormwater runoff or tracking onto the street.

10. Aggregate Material, Wood Chips, and Finished Leaf Compost

Do you store these materials on site? If so, describe how they are stored and the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater from these materials. If not, explain where these materials are stored.

Aggregate Material and Wood Chips are stored on site. The Township is going to construct three-sided storage bays from big concrete blocks to follow the BMPs to contain these materials. The bins will be constructed behind the DPW garage.

11. Cold Patch Asphalt

Do you store these materials on site? If so, describe how they are stored and the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater from these materials. If not, explain where these materials are stored.

Cold Patch is not stored on site, it is purchased as needed.

12. Street Sweepings and Storm Sewer Cleanout Materials

Do you store these materials on site? If so, describe how they are stored and the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater from these materials. If not, explain where these materials are stored.

DPW will obtain permits to dispose of all street sweeping materials at the Warren County PCFA

13. Construction and Demolition Waste, Wood Waste, and Yard Trimmings

Do you store these materials on site? If so, describe how they are stored and the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater from these materials. If not, explain where these materials are stored.

The Township accepts tree branches at the municipal garage. It does not accept whole trees or grass clippings and leaves. Wood material is stacked until a contractor mulches all wood on site once per year and takes wood chips.

14. Scrap Tires

Do you store these materials on site? If so, describe how they are stored and the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater from these materials. If not, explain where these materials are stored.

N/A- not stored on site

15. Inoperable Vehicles and Equipment

Do you store inoperable vehicles or equipment on site? If so, describe how they are stored and the BMPs in place to minimize contamination of stormwater. If not, explain where they are stored.

N/A- not stored on site

Form 10 – Training

Part IV.F.6-10.

	Stormwater Program Coor	dinators
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Describe the training provided for the municipal Stormwater Program Coordinator.

The SPC (Township Engineer) attends all NJDEP required training as provided during every permit cycle. Training includes the responsibilities of the SPC, understanding of MS4 permit conditions, required annual reporting and required submissions and documentation.

Торіс	Municipal Employees
	Examples: in-person or virtual group sessions, e-Learning, field trainings, and videos
	Describe the training provided for municipal staff.
SPPP	The Township Engineer conducts ongoing training of staff including the Clerk and DPW Director whose duties support the stormwater program. Training includes applicable specific requirements of the SPPP including record keeping.
Construction Site Stormwater Runoff	Construction inspectors are trained by the Township Engineer to understand and administer Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Plans for developments exceeding 5,000 square feet of disturbance as approved by the Soil Conservation District.
Post-Construction Stormwater Management in New and Redevelopment	Staff responsible for review of post-construction SWM plans are trained by the Township Engineer. Training includes the definition of major development, when SWM plans are required, understanding of the SWM Rules at NJAC 7:8, the Township's SCO, the NJDEP BMP Manual & guidance documents, and recording keeping requirements.
Community-wide Ordinances	Staff including the Clerk, Police, and Zoning Officer receive updates on the need to enforce community wide ordinances regulating Pet Waste, Wildlife Feeding, Litter Control, Improper Disposal of Waste, Yard Waste, Illicit Connections, and Refuse Containers.
Community-wide Measures	The Township DPW has implemented and receives training on the following SWM measures: Street sweeping, inlet labeling noting that inlets discharge to waterways, retrofitting of existing inlets to trap solids, management of excess deicing materials, vegetative waste management, and roadside erosion controls.
Stormwater Facilities Maintenance	The DPW is trained on the MS4 requirements to inspect, clean, maintain and repair inlets, catch basins, pipe systems, and BMP's (primarily detention basins) owned by the Township and to keep a log of the inspection and maintenance activities. Inspection frequencies are per the MS4 permit. Inspections of privately owned BMP's are conducted annually to ensure that private owners are maintaining their facilities. Owners are notified if the facilities are not being properly maintained.

Municipal Maintenance Yards and Other Ancillary Operations	The DPW staff responsible for compliance with SWM requirements at the maintenance yard receive annual training to understand MS4 Permit requirements, best management practices (BMP's), safety equipment & procedures, and record keeping.
MS4 Mapping	The Township Engineer has reviewed and understands the MS4 Permit requirements for infrastructure mapping and has scheduled the production of an electronic map which meets the completion deadline in the permit.
Outfall Stream Scouring	The DPW staff is trained to inspect outfalls for potential scour at least once every five (5) years. If scour is identified a plan is prepared and implemented for repairs. Repairs shall be made in accordance with the Standards for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control in New Jersey.
Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination	The DPW staff is trained to inspect outfalls for potential illicit connections to the storm drainage system at least once every five (5) years during their inspections for scour. If a potential illicit connection is suspected the source of the discharge shall be investigated and corrected as necessary.

Stormwater Management Design Reviewers

Describe the training provided for individuals responsible for reviews and approvals of stormwater management designs.

The individuals identified within this plan who are responsible for review of SWM plans have completed the mandatory training required by NJDEP and described within the MS4 Permit. The training course covers the Township's stormwater control ordinance (SCO) and NJDEP rule requirements, calculation methodologies, and how to review a major development. The training must be completed at least once every five (5) years.

Municipal Board and Governing Body Members

Describe the training provided for members of the planning/zoning board and municipal council.

Land Use Board and Committee members must complete the "Asking the Right Questions in Stormwater Review Training Tool" posted at <u>www.njstormwater.org/training.htm</u>. This training must be completed by current Land Use Board and Committee members and once per term of service thereafter. In addition, Land Use Board and Committee members must review at least one of the other training tools offered under Post-Construction Stormwater Management found at the website above.

Training Records

Indicate the location of training records for the above required training.

Logs of training records including the type of training, date of training and attendees are kept either in the Clerk's office or in the DPW Director's office where the training involves DPW staff.

Form 11 – MS4 Mapping

Part IV.G.1.

1. Provide a link to the most current MS4 outfall/infrastructure map.				
www.greenwichtownship.org/stormwater-management/				
2. Indicate the total of each type of MS4 infrastructure listed below (d	ue 01 Jan 2026).			
a. MS4 outfalls	Undetermined			
b. MS4 ground water discharge points (basins or overland	0			
flow infiltration areas)				
c. MS4 interconnections	0			
d. MS4 storm drain inlets	Undetermined			
e. MS4 manholes	Undetermined			
f. Length of conveyance (channels, pipes, ditches, etc.)	Undetermined			
g. MS4 pump stations	0			
h. MS4 stormwater facilities (any that are not listed above)	9			
i. Maintenance yard(s) and other ancillary operations	1			
3. Describe how the municipality's outfall/infrastructure map is reviewed and updated to reflect any new or newly identified MS4 infrastructure (e.g., an outfall is closed, a new basin is constructed, ownership of an outfall has changed, etc.).				
The Township Engineer at the end of each year will prepare a list of private developments and municipal projects which have been constructed during the year. The final development plans or as-built plans for those projects will be collected and all new stormwater infrastructure will be added to the MS4 Infrastructure Map.				
4. Describe how the municipality will create and update its MS4 Infrastructure Map.				
The Infrastructure Map will be developed by the Township Engineer as re MS4 Permit. The map will be prepared utilizing development plans and r plans which are available within the files of the Township. Field surveys the Township Engineer's survey staff to locate infrastructure which is not existing mapping.	oadway improvement will be performed by			

Form 12 – Watershed Improvement Plan Part IV.H.

1.	Describe how y	our municipalit	y is developing	its Watershed Im	provement Plan.
	J	1	/ 10		

The Township Engineer is in the process of preparing the Watershed Inventory Report. The Township's existing outfall map will be updated to include the new information required for the Watershed Inventory Report.

2. Describe any regional projects or collaboration efforts with other municipalities.

The Township is not aware of any regional SWM projects and the Township does not anticipate any collaboration with adjoining municipalities.

3. Indicate the location of records related to all public information sessions and meetings for discussions of the Watershed Improvement Plan.

Records of any public information sessions and other meetings regarding the Watershed Improvement Plan will be filed in the Township Clerk's office.

APPENDIX A

BMP INVENTORY LIST BMP INSPECTION LOG BMP MAINTENANCE LOG ILLICIT CONNECTION MAJOR DEVELOPMENT OUTFALL INSPECTION STREAM SCOUR INSPECTION

Franklin Township Inventory of Stormwater BMP's

The following is a list of BMP's within the Township including both Township owned BMP's and privately owned BMP's.

Name of Development	Owner	Street Address	Block	Lot	Type of BMP	Location of BMP
Asbury Graphite Mill	Asbury Graphite Mills, Inc.	409 Old Main Street	54	26	Subsurface Infiltration Basin	Lat. 40.7 Long. 75.012
Edison Lake	Edison Lake 2000 Corporation	7 Old Farm Road	34	7	Detention Basin	Lat. 40.714 Long. 75.074
ADPP Enterprises	ADPP Enterprises, Inc.	2461 Route 57	36	12	Dry Wells (2)	Lat. 40.72 Long. 75.076
Rock Brook	Franklin Township	Bryan Road			Detention Basin	
Rock Brook	Franklin Township	Benjamin Drive			Detention Basin	
Rock Brook	Franklin Township	Benjamin Drive			Detention Basin	
Rock Brook	Franklin Township	Benjamin Drive			Detention Basin	
Copperfield	Franklin Township	Copperfield			Detention Basin	
Copperfield	Franklin Township	Waterbrook			Detention Basin	
Copperfield	Franklin Township	Trotwood			Detention Basin	
Valley Green	Franklin Township				Detention Basin	
Town Hall	Franklin Township				Detention Basin	

Franklin Township Stormwater BMP Inspection Log

The Township DPW shall conduct quarterly inspections of Township owned BMP's and annual inspections of privately owned BMP's to ensure that the BMP's are being properly maintained by the responsible party. Inspections shall be logged below.

Date of Inspection	Name of Development	Street Address	Block	Lot	Type of BMP	Location of BMP	Owner	Comments

Franklin Township Stormwater BMP Maintenance Log

The Township DPW shall conduct required maintenance of Township owned BMP's and shall inspect privately owned BMP's and notify the owners if required maintenance is not being performed. Maintenance activities and notifications shall be logged below.

Owner	Name of Development	Street Address	Block	Lot	Type of BMP	Location of BMP	Description of Maintenance	Date of Maintenance

Illicit Connection Inspection Report Form
For additional information regarding illicit discharge investigations, refer to Chapter 3.6 of the <u>Tier A Guidance</u> <u>Document</u> .
If a dry weather flow or other evidence of an intermittent illicit discharge is observed, this form shall be used to document the illicit discharge investigation in accordance with the current MS4 NJPDES Permit. This completed form shall be uploaded with the permittee's Annual Report and Certification and be kept with the permittee's SPPP as per the recordkeeping requirements of the permit. Initial illicit connection inspections must be performed during dry weather, which is <u>at least 72 hours after the end of the previous precipitation or snowmelt event</u> . It is required to attach photos of the investigation to this form. Illicit discharges must be reported immediately to the NJDEP Hotline at 1-877-WARNDEP (1-877-927-6337).
SECTION 1: PERMITTEE INFORMATION
MS4 Permittee:NJPDES #: NJG0
SECTION 2: OUTFALL SUMMARY INFORMATION
If this outfall is newly identified, be sure to add it to your electronic outfall pipe map.
Outfall ID: Outfall Location Description:
Municipality: County:
Receiving Waterbody:
Describe the type of conveyance(s) that delivers the stormwater to the receiving waterbody (concrete or corrugated pipe, concrete channel, etc.):
If the ultimate discharge into the receiving water is from an enclosed pipe , is the end of the pipe fully or partially submerged?
*If 'Sometimes' or 'Always,' describe submerged condition at time of inspection:
If the ultimate discharge into the receiving water is not from an enclosed pipe , what is the approximate distance between the end of the last enclosed stormwater conveyance pipe to the receiving waterbody (ft.):
Do any other NJPDES permittees discharge through this MS4 outfall?
*If 'YES', list Permittee Name(s), NJPDES #(s), and Location of Connection:
If 'YES', please contact your MS4 Case Manager.

SECTION 3. OI	ITFALL INSPECTION
	t inspection:/
	ation/snowmelt event: / Amount of Precipitation (in.):
	ner flow or other evidence of an intermittent illicit discharge was first discovered: / /
List the date(s)	of previous inspection(s) and describe the actions taken, if applicable:
SECTION 4: PH	YSICAL OBSERVATIONS
	is either partially or fully submerged, dry weather flow observations must be made at the ne stream point (e.g. manhole) above the influence of the receiving surface waterbody.
If applicable: N	Aanhole ID: Approximate distance upstream from outfall (ft.):
•	shall use the table below to describe 1) the observed dry weather flow and/or 2) when the of intermittent illicit discharges present.
	(Potential illicit discharge sources are listed in parentheses.)
Odor	 None Sewage (stale/septic sanitary wastewater) Petroleum/Gas (petroleum refineries, vehicle maintenance facilities, petroleum product storage) Rancid/Sour (food preparation facilities, e.g. restaurants, hotels, etc.) Sulfide (industries discharging sulfide compounds or organics, e.g. meat packers, canneries, dairies, etc.)
	□ Other:
Color	 Clear Brown (meat packers, printing plants, metal works, concrete or stone operations, fertilizer facilities, and petroleum refining facilities) Gray (dairies, sewage) Yellow (chemical plants, textile and tanning plants) Red (meat packers) Other:
Turbidity	 Clear Cloudy (sanitary wastewater, concrete or stone operations, fertilizer facilities, and automotive dealers) Opaque (food processors, lumber mills, metal works, pigment plants)
Floatable Matter (Does not include litter)	Floatables of industrial origin may include animal fats, spoiled foods, solvents, sawdust,

□ Petroleum (oil sheen)

 \Box Other:

Deposits and	Coatings,	residues or fragments of material may be indicators of a potential intermittent					
Stains within	non-storm	non-stormwater discharge					
outfall	🗆 None						
	🗆 Grayish	n-Black (leather tanneries)					
	U White] White crystalline powder (Nitrogenous fertilizers)					
	🗆 Excessi	Excessive sediments (construction sites)					
	□ Oily re	Oily residues (petroleum refineries, storage facilities, vehicle service areas)					
	□ Other:						
Vegetation	As compa	red to surrounding Riparian bank and/or stream vegetation					
	🗆 Norma						
	🗆 Excessi	ve growth and/or algal presence (Food processing plants)					
	🗆 Inhibite	ed Growth (Industrial operation effluent, CAFOs)					
of the water of vegetation surr	*If the Physical Observations have been conducted and it was determined there was no odor, no discoloration of the water or no deposits and stains left on the outfall, turbidity was clear, no floatable matter, and the vegetation surrounding outfall appears normal, then the dry weather discharge is likely from a groundwater source, but the "Field Monitoring" section below must still be completed for verification.						
Prior to cond	lucting the d	analyses in Sections 5 & 6, the source may be traced back upstream in the storm					
sewer to a mo	ore definitive	e location by various methods, such as opening manholes, using a camera and/or					
		performing dye tests or smoke tests.*					
SECTION 5: FIEL	D MONITO	RING					
*Field c	alibrate ins	truments in accordance with manufacturer's instructions prior to testing. st					
Estimated Dry Flow Ra		The Tier A guidance document recommends taking the estimate flow rate during the physical observations.					
Deterge	ents	Potential discharge types include sewage, washwater, industrial or commercial liquid					
Examples include		waste					
and methylene							
substances (Measurement: mg/L					
Temperatur	e of dry	Temperatures >70°F may indicate cooling water discharges depending on the season					
weather dis	scharge	Measurement:°F					
*Proceed to Section 6 in accordance with the Guidance Document recommendations. *							
SECTION 6: DRY	WEATHER	FLOW ANALYSIS - WATER QUALITY					
* Based on the potential discharge types determined in the 'Physical Observation' and 'Field Monitoring'							
sections, <u>further testing must be conducted</u> using the appropriate subset of parameters below. The following							
parameters are recommended by the EPA for specific types of discharges as noted in the table below. For							
more information, refer to Chapter 12 of the EPA's Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination guidance							

document (<u>https://www3.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/idde_manualwithappendices.pdf</u>).

Indicate the location of your measurements (e.g. outfall, manhole number, etc.): ______

Parameter	Potential Discharge Type (EPA Guidance)	Discharge Measurement		
Ammonia	Sewage, washwater	mg/L		
Potassium	Sewage, industrial or commercial liquid waste	mg/L		
Boron	>0.35 mg/L likely indicates sewage or washwater	mg/L		
Chlorine	Industrial or commercial liquid waste	mg/L		
Conductivity	Sewage, washwater, and industrial or commercial liquid waste	S/m		
E. coli (FW & PL waters)**	>12,000 Count/100 mL is likely Sanitary Wastewater	Count/100 mL		
Enterococci (SC & SE1 waters)**	>5,000 Count/100 mL is likely Sanitary Wastewater	Count/100 mL		
Fecal Coliform (SE2 & SE3 waters)**	Sewage	Count/100 mL		
Fluoride	Distinguishes potable water from natural or irrigation water	mg/L		
pH of Dry Weather Discharge	Washwater	SU		
**The abbreviations FW, PL, SC, SE 1, SE2, and SE3 refer to the surface water quality classification of the receiving surface waterbody where the outfall discharges, as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:9B. FW=Freshwater, PL=Pinelands, SC=Saline Coastal, SE=Saline Estuary. Map coverage of these classifications is available on NJ-GeoWeb (<u>https://njdep.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=02251e521d97454aabadfd8cf168e44d</u>) using the layer under 'Water' of 'Surface Water Quality Classification.'				
SECTION 7: ILLICIT DISCHARGE INVESTIGATION *The investigation is not complete until the source of the dry weather flow is found, and any illicit discharge is eliminated.*				
Based on the latest results from the investigation, including the results in Sections 4, 5 and 6, is/was this dry weather flow from an illicit connection?				
If the investigation has been completed, what was the source of the dry weather flow or illicit connection?				

Describe the investigation, including the methods that were/will be used to identify the suspected source of	f
the illegal discharge, or conclude there was no illicit discharge, along with the timeline of the steps of the	
investigation. Attach additional pages if necessary.	
	_
SECTION 8: ILLICIT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION	
If it was an illicit discharge, has the source been eliminated?	10
Describe the plan of estion that was (will be followed to aliminate the illigit economics. This plan should	
Describe the plan of action that was/will be followed to eliminate the illicit connection. This plan should	
detail who is/was responsible for the discharge, what methods were/will be used to fix it, how long it	
took/will take, and how removal was/will be confirmed and rechecked:	_
SECTION 9: INSPECTOR INFORMATION	
Inspector's Name:	
Title: Affiliation:	
Signature: Date:	

Attachment D – Major Development Stormwater Summary

Gen	eral Information			
1. Project Name:			Lot & Block Inf	ō:
2. Municipality:	County:			
3. Site Location (State Plane Coordinates – NAD83)	E:	N:		
4. Date of Final Approval for Construction by Municipal	ity (MM/DD/YYYY): _			
Date of Certificate of Occupancy (MM/DD/YYYY):				
5. Project Type (place an "x" after all that apply) Residential Commercial Industrial	Other (please	e specify)		
6. Soil Conservation District Project #:	Cener (preuse			
7. Did the project require a NJDEP Land Use Permit?	res No	Land Use Permit #		
8. Did the project require any mitigation measures?				
If yes, which standard was mitigated?				
Site De	sign Specifications			
1. Site Area (acres): Area of Disturbance (a		rea of Proposed Impe	rvious (acres).	
2. List all Hydrologic Soil Groups:			<u>vious (ucres).</u>	
3. Identify the Quantities of Each Type of Best Manager) Incorporated into th	ne Site Design:	
Bioretention Systems Constructed Wetland	ds Dry Well	s Extended	- Detention Basir	15
Infiltration Basins Combination Infiltration/E				
Pervious Paving Systems Sand Filters				
Grass Swales Subsurface Gravel Wetlands _	Other:			
Storm	Event Information			
1. Storm Event – Rainfall (inches) / Duration (hours)		Water Quality De	sign Storm:	
2 year:	10 year:		100 year:	
2. Runoff Computation Method (mark one):				
	NRCS Delmarva Unit H		Rational Met	hod
Modified Rational Method		Other (describe):		
BMP Specifications (answer all that			verse side	
1. BMP Name:	_	ype of BMP:		
Location (mark one):SurfaceSubsurface2. Owner (mark one):PublicPrivate	IS	forebay part of the d	esign? Yes	No
If private, Owner's Name:	Owne	r's Telephone No.:		
3. BMP Completion Date (MM/DD/YYYY):		·		
4. Does the BMP have an underdrain? Yes No				
5. What is the Water Quality Design Storm Drain Down	Time (hours)?			
What is the Design Soil Permeability (inches/hour): _				
What is the Seasonal High Water Table Depth from t	he BMP bottom (feet)? Mont	h Obtained:	
7. Groundwater Recharge Methodology (mark one): 2	-Year Difference	NJGRS	Other	N/A
8. Was Groundwater Mounding analyzed? Yes	No If yes, Metho	odology:		
9. Was a Maintenance Plan submitted? Yes No	ls t	he BMP deed restrict	ed? Yes	No
				No
Name of Derron Completing This Form	S	he BMP deed restrict ignature: Date:		

BMP Specifications (answer all that apply) – A	ttach more pages if necessary
1. BMP Name:	Type of BMP:
Location (mark one): Surface Subsurface	Is forebay part of the design? Yes No
2. Owner (mark one): Public Private If private, Owner's Name:	Owner's Telephone No.:
3. BMP Completion Date (MM/DD/YYYY):	
4. Does the BMP have an underdrain? Yes No	
5. What is the Water Quality Design Storm Drain Down Time (hours)? _ What is the Design Soil Permeability (inches/hour):	
6. What is the Seasonal High Water Table Depth from the BMP bottom	(feet)? Month Obtained:
7. Groundwater Recharge Methodology (mark one): 2-Year Difference	
	ethodology:
9. Was a Maintenance Plan submitted? Yes No	Is the BMP deed restricted? Yes No
3. Was a Maintenance Flan submitted: Tes NO	is the bine deed restricted: Tes No
BMP Specifications (answer all that apply) - A	ttach more pages if necessary
1. BMP Name:	Type of BMP:
Location (mark one): Surface Subsurface	Is forebay part of the design? Yes No
2. Owner (mark one): Public Private If private, Owner's Name:	Owner's Telephone No.:
3. BMP Completion Date (MM/DD/YYYY):	
4. Does the BMP have an underdrain? Yes No 5. What is the Water Quality Design Storm Drain Down Time (hours)?	
What is the Design Soil Permeability (inches/hour):	
6. What is the Seasonal High Water Table Depth from the BMP bottom	(feet)? Month Obtained:
7. Groundwater Recharge Methodology (mark one): 2-Year Difference	e NJGRS Other N/A
8. Was Groundwater Mounding analyzed? Yes No If yes,	Methodology:
9. Was a Maintenance Plan submitted? Yes No	Is the BMP deed restricted? Yes No
BMP Specifications (answer all that apply) - A	ttach more pages if necessary
1. BMP Name:	Type of BMP:
Location (mark one): Surface Subsurface	Is forebay part of the design? Yes No
2. Owner (mark one): Public Private If private, Owner's Name:	Owner's Telephone No.:
3. BMP Completion Date (MM/DD/YYYY):	
4. Does the BMP have an underdrain? Yes No	
 What is the Water Quality Design Storm Drain Down Time (hours)? _ What is the Design Soil Permeability (inches/hour): 	
6. What is the Seasonal High Water Table Depth from the BMP bottom	(feet)? Month Obtained:
7. Groundwater Recharge Methodology (mark one): 2-Year Difference	
	Methodology:
9. Was a Maintenance Plan submitted? Yes No	Is the BMP deed restricted? Yes No
Name of Person Completing This Form:	Signature:
Title:	Date:

Outfall Inspection Form				
This form is provided to assist MS4 permittees with appropriate recordkeeping for their routine outfall inspections as required by the current MS4 NJPDES permit. Initial illicit connection inspections must be performed during dry weather, which is at least 72 hours after the previous precipitation or snowmelt event. It is recommended to attach photo(s) of the inspection of the outfall to this form. Upon discovery of stream scouring, you may use "Stream Scouring Investigation Record Keeping Form" for required documentation. Upon discovery of any possible illicit connections, you MUST use "Illicit Connection Inspection Report Form."				
SECTION 1: PERMITTEE INFORMATION				
MS4 Permittee:NJPDES #: NJG0				
SECTION 2: OUTFALL SUMMARY INFORMATION				
If this outfall is newly identified, be sure to add it to your electronic outfall pipe map	0.			
Outfall ID: Outfall Location Description:				
Municipality: County:				
Receiving Waterbody:				
Describe the type of conveyance(s) that delivers the stormwater to the receiving waterbody (co corrugated pipe, concrete channel, etc.):	oncrete or			
If the ultimate discharge into the receiving water is from an enclosed pipe , is any part of the end of the pipe fully or partially submerged?				
If the ultimate discharge into the receiving water is not from an enclosed pipe , what is the app distance between the end of the last enclosed stormwater conveyance pipe to the receiving wa				
(ft):	7			
Do any other NJPDES permittees discharge through this MS4 outfall?				
*If 'YES', list Permittee Name(s) or NJPDES #(s):				
SECTION 3: INSPECTION CONDITIONS				
Date of current inspection:/ Date of previous inspection://				
Latest precipitation/snowmelt event: / Amount of Precipitation (in.):				

Outfall condition:	MAINTENANCE NEEDS REPAIR
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
If applicable, describe problem and the work needed to stabilize the outfa	411
Is there a dry weather flow present at the outfall or other evidence that a occurred? (If the outfall is partially or fully submerged, dry weather flow observ upstream point (e.g. manhole) above the influence of the receiving surface water	vations must be made at the next
□ PRES	ENT 🗆 EVIDENCE 🗆 NEITHER
If applicable: Manhole ID: Approximate distance upstream	m from outfall (ft.):
If a dry weather flow is present at the outfall or there is other evidence th have occurred, the permittee must document the illicit discharge investiga "Illicit Connection Inspection Report Form" at the link above.	
SECTION 4: STREAM SCOURING	
Is stream scouring present? *If 'YES', describe the scouring, including where the scouring is occurring r	□ YES* □ NO relative to the outfall:
If you answered 'YES,' you must document sources of stormwater tha Department has created the "Stream Scouring Investigation Record Keep above.	-
SECTION 5: INSPECTOR INFORMATION	
Inspector's Name:	
Title: Affiliation:	
	Date:

Stream Scouring Investigation Recordkeeping Form				
This form is provided to assist MS4 permittees with appropriate recordkeeping throughout the investigation process of outfall stream scouring. This form is to be kept with the permittee's SPPP, as per the recordkeeping requirements of the MS4 NJPDES permit. It is recommended to attach photo(s) of the outfall and scouring to this form.				
SECTION 1: PERMITTEE INFOR	RMATION			
MS4 Permittee:	NJPDES #: NJG0			
SECTION 2: OUTFALL SUMMA	ARY INFORMATION			
If this outfall is ne	wly identified, be sure to add it to your electronic outfall pipe map.			
Outfall ID: Outfall Location Description:				
Municipality:	County:			
Receiving Waterbody:				
Describe the type of conveyance(s) that delivers the stormwater to the receiving waterbody (concrete or corrugated pipe, concrete channel, etc.):				
If the ultimate discharge into partially submerged?	the receiving water is from an enclosed pipe , is the end of the pipe fully or □ NEVER □ SOMETIMES* □ ALWAYS*			
*If 'Sometimes' or 'Always,' d	escribe submerged conditions and condition at time of inspection:			
_	the receiving water is not from an enclosed pipe , what is the approximate the last enclosed stormwater conveyance pipe to the receiving waterbody.			
Do any other NJPDES permitte	ees discharge through this MS4 outfall?			
	s) or NJPDES #(s):			
If 'YES', please contact your MS4 Case Manager.				
SECTION 3: INSPECTION CON	DITIONS			
When was the stream scourin	g first identified?//			
Date of current inspect	tion:// Date of previous inspection://			
Latest precipitation/snowmelt event:// Amount of Precipitation (in.):				

Provide a description of the stream scouring and outfall condition:
Describe investigation and findings, including suspected sources and action(s) being taken to reduce the volume or rate of flow from the sources contributing stormwater to the outfall, including dates of actions taken:
Was stream scouring identified during the previous inspection?
Since the date of last inspection, has the stream scouring worsened?
SECTION 4: SCHEDULING OF STREAM REMEDIATION Description of the remediation project:
List milestones and dates of remediation (i.e. applied for permit, advertised for bid, awarded bid for project completed project, etc.):

<u>Permit Type</u>		SECTION 5: PERMITS OBTAINED (Flood Hazard, Freshwater Wetlands, Soil Conservation District, etc.)				
	Permit Authorization #	Application date	Authorization date			
		// // //	// // // //			
SECTION 6: INSPECTOR INFORMA	TION					
Inspector's Name:						
Title:	Affiliation:					
Signature:		Date:				

APPENDIX B

OUTFALL LOCATION MAP (m3.mappler.net/franklintwp)

APPENDIX C

STREET SWEEPING MAP (RESERED)